



Pre-made shRNA Negative control lentivirus

Cat#	Product Name	Amounts
H1(shRNA-Ctr)-Bsd	shRNA-H1(Neg)-(Blasticidin) lentivirus	<p>200ul/each vial, ~1 x 10⁷ IFU/mL in DMEM containing 10% FBS, or ~5 x 10⁷ IFU/mL in PBS solution</p>
H1(shRNA-Ctr)-Puro	shRNA-H1(Neg)-(Puromycin) lentivirus	
H1(shRNA-Ctr)-GB	shRNA-H1(Neg)-(GFP-Bsd) lentivirus	
H1(shRNA-Ctr)-GP	shRNA-H1(Neg)-(GFP-Puro) lentivirus	
H1(shRNA-Ctr)-RB	shRNA-H1(Neg)-(RFP-Bsd) lentivirus	
H1(shRNA-Ctr)-RP	shRNA-H1(Neg)-(RFP-Puro) lentivirus	
U6(shRNA-Ctr)-Bsd	shRNA-U6(Neg)-(Blasticidin) lentivirus	
U6(shRNA-Ctr)-Puro	shRNA-U6(Neg)-(Puromycin) lentivirus	
U6(shRNA-Ctr)-GB	shRNA-U6(Neg)-(GFP-Bsd) lentivirus	
U6(shRNA-Ctr)-GP	shRNA-U6(Neg)-(GFP-Puro) lentivirus	
U6(shRNA-Ctr)-RB	shRNA-U6(Neg)-(RFP-Bsd) lentivirus	
U6(shRNA-Ctr)-RP	shRNA-U6(Neg)-(RFP-Puro) lentivirus	

Storage: <-70 °C, avoid repeat freeze/thaw cycles. Stable for >6 months.

Product Description:

GenTarget's lentivector system is Human Immunodeficiency Virus-1 (HIV) based plasmids for gene expression and knockdown. The lentivectors are used to generate lentiviral particles (lentivirus) that can be transduced into almost all kinds of mammalian cells, including stem cells, primary cells, and non-dividing cells both *in vivo* and *in vitro*. Lentiviral Particles stably integrate into the transduced cells' genome for long term expression, making it a great gene transfer agent.

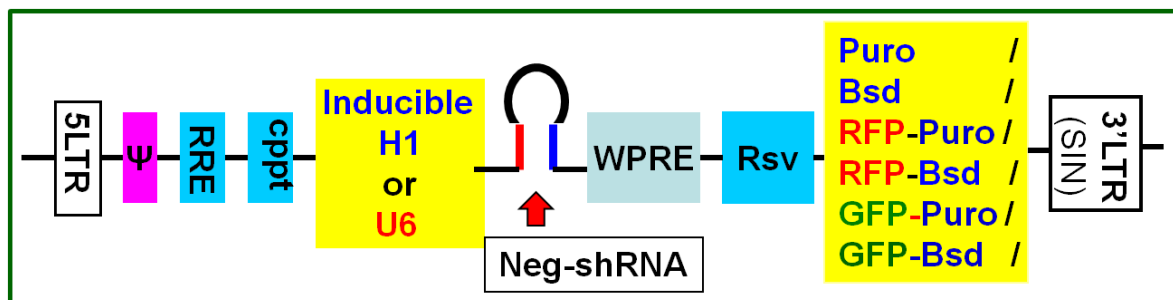
RNA interference (RNAi) technology is a powerful tool for loss-of-function (knockdown/silencing) research in mammalian cells. Originally observed to inhibit gene expression *in vivo* through short double-stranded RNAs, RNAi works through



a series of enzymatic reactions mediated by short RNAs having sequences complementary to those of the silenced target. These reactions result in target mRNA degradation or translational repression.

RNAi knockdown can be introduced by short synthetic double-strand RNA (siRNA) or by vector-expressed stem-hairpin RNA (shRNA) which is further processed by Dicer enzyme to produce double-strand short RNAs. Chemically synthesized double stranded RNA (siRNA) has a transient silencing effect only; in contrast, selection of clones for stable vector-expression of RNAi can provide long term silencing.

GenTarget provides lentiviral shRNA cloning kits driven by either an [optional inducible H1 promoter](#) or a constitutive human **U6 promoter**. The shRNA lentivectors contains different antibiotic marker or fluorescent-antibiotic fusion dual marker. GenTarget also provides the pre-made, [validated shRNA lentiviruses](#) knocking down a specific target. GenTarget also provides the pre-made negative control shRNA. They serve as negative controls in knockdown validation assay, monitoring the off-target effect of each shRNA. The controls are made in the same lentivector backbone as the target shRNA lentivector in which a designed universal negative control shRNA sequence was cloned under H1 or U6 promoter (see vector map scheme below).



Each control shRNA lentivirus contains an specific marker. Please select the right control lentivirus with the same promoter and the same antibiotic marker as that in your shRNA expression lentivirus. Those control virus can also be used alone for evaluation the lentivirus transduction efficiency in your particle cell line, or for other applications.

VSV-G pseudotyped lentiviral control lentiviruses are generated in 293T cell, provided as 200ul per vial in either DMEM medium or concentrated in PBS solution. For more details about premade particles, please see [FAQ for pre-made lentiviral particles](#) (.pdf).



Key features:

1. High viral titer;
2. Serves as expression negative controls for shRNA knockdown assays;
3. Easy transduction monitoring via the fluorescent signal (for the particles with fluorescent fusion marker);
4. **The lentivirus are ready and easy to use, simply add 50ul into one well of your cell culture in 24-well plate.** (Note: dependent upon your specific needs, you may design the transduction with different MOI for different levels of expression.)

Transduction Protocols:

Note: Pre-made lentivirus is provided ready to use, so it can be simply added into your cell culture; the amount of virus to add depends on cell type. For quick transduction, add 50 μ l of virus into each well of 24-well-plate where cell density is 50% to 75%. After 72 hours (no need to change medium), visualize positive transduction rate by fluorescence microscopy. For stable cell line generation, pass cells into medium containing antibiotic or perform fluorescence cell sorting followed by antibiotic selection.

Day 0:

Seed cells in complete medium at the appropriate density and incubate overnight.

Note: at the time of transduction, cells should be 50%-75% confluent. For example, seed HeLa cells at 0.5×10^5 /ml x 0.5ml in a well of a 24-well plate.

Day 1:

- Thaw the pre-made lentiviral stock at room temperature and add the appropriate amount of virus stock to obtain the desired MOI.
- Return cells to 37°C, CO₂ incubator.

Note: Try to avoid freezing and thawing. If you do not use all of the virus at one time, you may re-freeze the virus at -80 °C for future use; virus titer will decrease by ~10% for each freeze/thaw cycle.

Day 3:

At ~72hr after transduction, check the transduction rate by fluorescence microscopy or calculate the exact transduction rate by flow cytometry (FACS or Guava). Then, measure the knockdown level by Q-RT-PCR or WB.

Day 3 (optional):

Sort transduced cells by FACS, and select for antibiotic resistance. A pilot experiment should be done to determine the antibiotic's kill curve for your



specific cell line (refer to the pertinent literature on generation of stable cell lines). Then, measure the knockdown level by Q-RT-PCR or WB on the selected cells.

Note: Filter wavelength settings:

GFP filter: ~Ex450-490 ~Em525;

RFP filter: ~Ex545 ~Em620;

Safety Precaution:

Gentarget lentiviral particles adapts must advanced lentiviral safety features (using the third generation vectors with self-inactivation SIN-3UTR), and the premade lentivirus is replication incompetent. However, please use extra caution when using lentiviral particles. Use the lentiviral particles in Bio-safety II cabinet. Wear glove all the time at handling Lentiviral particles! Please refer CDC and NIH's guidelines for more details regarding to safety issues.

References:

1. Molecular Therapy (2003) 7, 460-466; doi: 10.1016/S1525-0016(03)00024-8
2. Annu Rev Microbiol. 1994;48:345-69.
3. Microbiol Mol Biol Rev. 2005 Jun;69(2):326-56.
4. NIH Guidelines for [Biosafety Considerations for Research with Lentiviral Vectors](#). (Link).
5. [CDC guidelines for Lab Biosafety levels](#) (Link).

Warranty:

This product is for research use only. It is warranted to meet its quality as described when used in accordance with its instructions. GenTarget disclaims any implied warranty of this product for particular application. In no event shall GenTarget be liable for any incidental or consequential damages in connection with the products. GenTarget's sole remedy for breach of this warranty should be, at GenTarget's option, to replace the products.

Attachment: GenTarget's pre-made lentivirus product categories.

Product Category	Product Description (please click into each category's page)
Pathway Reporter	Reporter Lentivirus for all kinds of pathway screening assays
Cell Immortalization	Lentivirus for cell immortalization: Large T-antigen, hTERT, EBNA1/EBNA2, HpV16-E6/E7, Adenovial E1A, Kras_G12V, HOXA9, et al.
ImmunoOncology Research	Lentivirus products for immuno therapy research: CAR and TCR; Assay Cell Lines for T-cell targeted killing assay and other cell-based assays; over-expression lentivirus products for the immune response targets;



Product Category	Product Description (please click into each category's page)
	Cell surface antigens (CDs); immune checkpoint / Receptors; CRISPR gene Repair and knock-IN lentivirus; CRISPR knockout lentivirus;
CAR-T, TCR Lentivirus	CARs Lentivirus: Anti-CD19 /CD20 /CD22 /BCMA /hHER2 /HLA-A2 /TGFβ; TCRs : MART-1/ NY-ESO1/ CD1d-α-GalCer/ TRαV3-F2A-TRβV5-6;
CRISPR Gene Editing	Preamde lentivirus express humanized wild-type Cas9 endonuclease, the dCas9 , gRNAs, CRISPR gene editing research
Epigenomic: CRISPRi and CRISPRa	" dCas9-Protein " fusion Lentivirus for epigenomic modification, resulted in CRISPR interference (CRISPRi) or activation (CRISPRa).
Cell-Specific Reporter	a set of reporter lentiviruses to express a luminescence or fluorescent reporter (firefly Luciferase, Renilla luciferase, RFP or GFP fluorescent marker) under a tissue specific promoter
Infectious Antigens	Lentivirus that express all kinds of infectious antigens with C-term 6His-tag.
Virus Like Particles (VLP)	Lentiviral Like Particles, pseudo-typed with a different envelope proteins.
Non-integrating LV	Integration Defective Lentivirus, express different targets for transient expression without the unwanted insertional mutagenesis.
shRNA Knockdown	Knockdown verified and customized shRNA lentivirus for target knockdown,
microRNA lentivirus	Premade lentivirus expression human or mouse precursor miRNA . And anti-miRNA lentivector and virus for human and mouse miRNA.
Anti-miRNA lentivirus	Pre-made lentivirus expression a specific anti-miRNA cassette.
Human and mouse ORFs	Premade lentivirus expressin a human, mouse or rat gene with RFP-Blastididin fusion dual markers.
Luciferase expression	Premade lentivirus for all kinds of luciferase protein expression: firefly and Renilla, Red-Luc and more , with different antibiotic selection markers.



Product Category	Product Description (please click into each category's page)
Fluorescent Markers	Lentivirus express all commonly used fluorescent proteins: GFP, RFP, CFP, BFP YFP, niRFP, unstable GFP and others.
Luminescent Imaging	Lentivirus express Nano-Latern as Bio-probes for in vivo imaging of sub-cellular structural organization and dynamic processes in living cells and organisms
Sub-cellular Imaging	Lentivirus contain a well-defined organelle targeting signal fused to a fluorescent protein, great tools for live-cell imaging and for dynamic investigation of sub-cellular signal pathways.
Cytoskeleton Imaging	A fluorescent marker (GFP, RFP or CFP) fusion with a cellular structure protein, provides a convenient tool for visualization of cytoskeletal structure
Unstable GFP	Lentivirus express the the destabilized GFP (uGFP) which provides fast turnover responses in signal pathway assay and in knockdown / knockout detection
near-infrared RFP	The near-infrared Red fluorescent (niRFP) expression Lentiviurs provides the whole-body images with better contrast and brighter images
Fluorescent-ORF fusion	Pre-made lentivirus expression a " GFP/RFP/CFP-ORF " fusion target.
CRE recombinase	Premade lentivirus for expressing nuclear permeant CRE recombinase with different flurescent and antibiotic markers.
CRE, Flp ColorSwitch	Lentivirus expressing "LoxP-GFP-Stop-LoxP-RFP" or "FRT-GFP-Stop-FRT-RFP" cassette, used to monitor the CRE or Flp recombination event in vivo.
SEAP Reporter	lentivirus expressing SEAP under different promoters (TetCMV, EF1a, CAG, Ubc, mPGK, Actin-beta or a signal pathway responsive promoter),
TetR Repressor	Premade lentivirus expressin TetR (tetracycline regulator) protein, the repressor protein for the inducible expression system.
rtTA Expression	rtTA binds to the tetracycline operator element (TetO) in the presence of doxycycline (Dox). Used for Tet-On /OFF inducible system.
iPS factors	Premde lentivirus for human and mouse iPS (Myc, NANOG, OCT4, SOX2, FLF4) factors with different



Product Category	Product Description (please click into each category's page)
	fluorescent and antibiotic markers
LacZ expression	Express different full length β-galactosidase (lacZ) with different selection markers
Negative control lentiviruses	Premade negative control lentivirus with different markers : serves as the negative control of lentivirus treatment, for validation of the specificity of any lentivirus target expression effects.
Other Enzyme expression	Ready-to-use lentivirus, expressing a specific enzymes with different selection markers.
Ultra titer lentivirus	Ultra-titer lentivirus used for the hard-to-transduced cells and for in vivo manipulation of sperm cells, or stem cells.